

Error dynamics during coherent electron spin shuttling

Natalie D. Foster

Sandia National Laboratories

Abstract

Quantum information transport over micron to millimeter scale distances is critical for the operation of practical quantum processors based on spin gubits. One method of achieving long-range entanglement is by coherent electron spin shuttling through an array of silicon quantum dots. In order to execute high fidelity shuttling operations required to link millions of gubits on a processor, it is essential to understand the dynamics of qubit dephasing and relaxation during the shuttling process in order to mitigate noise sources before they cause errors. However, errors arising after implementing a large number of repeated shuttles are not yet well documented. We probe decay dynamics contributing to dephasing and relaxation of a singlettriplet gubit during coherent spin shuttling over many N repeated shuttle operations. We find that losses are dominated by magnetic dephasing for small $N < 10^3$ and by incoherent shuttle errors for large $N > 10^3$. Additionally, we estimate a competitive shuttle error rate below 1×10^{-4} out to at least $N = 10^3$, representing an encouraging figure for future implementations of spin shuttling to entangle distant gubits.